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Key to the species of Metridinidae Pleuromamma occurring in the China Seas

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REVIEW-TAXONOMIC INDEX

Key to the Species of Metridinidae *Pleuromamma* Occurring in the China Seas

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Pleuromamma abdominalis(4b/7b/f)*, *borealis*(5b/9b/f)*, *gracilis*(5a/9a/f)*, *piseki*(f), *quadrungulata*(f), *robusta*(3a/8a/f)*, *scutullata*(f), *xiphias*(4a/7a/f)* (**piseki*, *scutullata*: not included in key)

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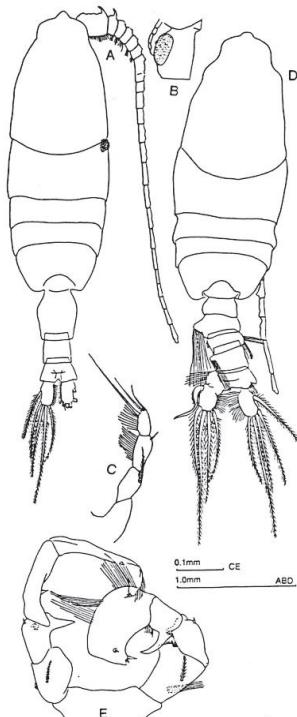
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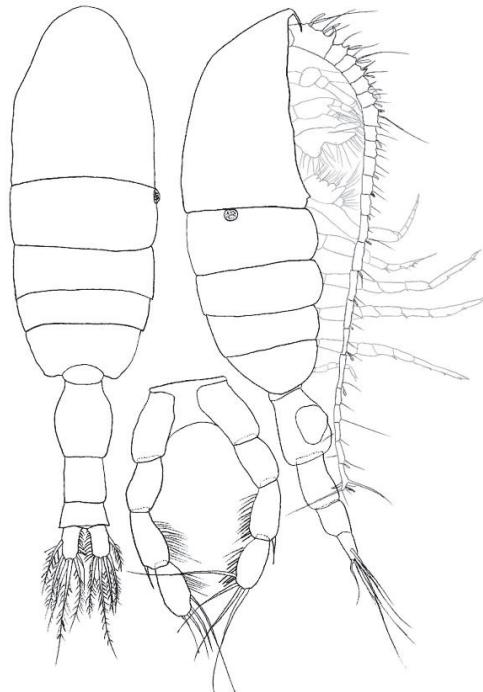


Pleuromamma abdominalis (Lubbock, 1856) (Size: female, 2.09–4.50 mm; male, 2.00–4.30 mm)



Bradford - Grieve

Pleuromamma abdominalis (Lubbock, 1856)

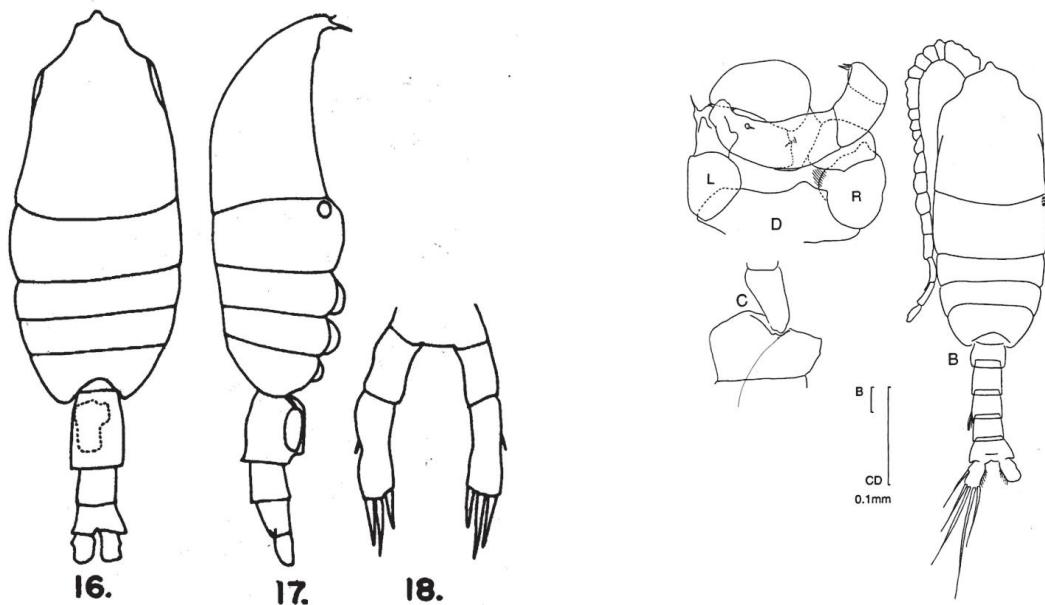


Original

Bradford-Grieve, 1999: Fig. 80. *Pleuromamma abdominalis* (Lubbock, 1856), Female. A, habitus (dorsal); B, genital double-somite (lateral); C, leg 5. Male. D, habitus (dorsal); E, leg 5 (anterior).

Adapted from Razouls C., de Bovée F., Kouwenberg J. and Desreumaux N., 2005–2020. Diversity and Geographic Distribution of Marine Planktonic Copepods. Sorbonne University, CNRS. Available at <http://copepodes.obs-banyuls.fr/en> [Accessed May 15, 2021].

Pleuromamma borealis (F. Dahl, 1893) (size: female, 1.67–2.50 mm; male, 1.44–2.25 mm)



Grice

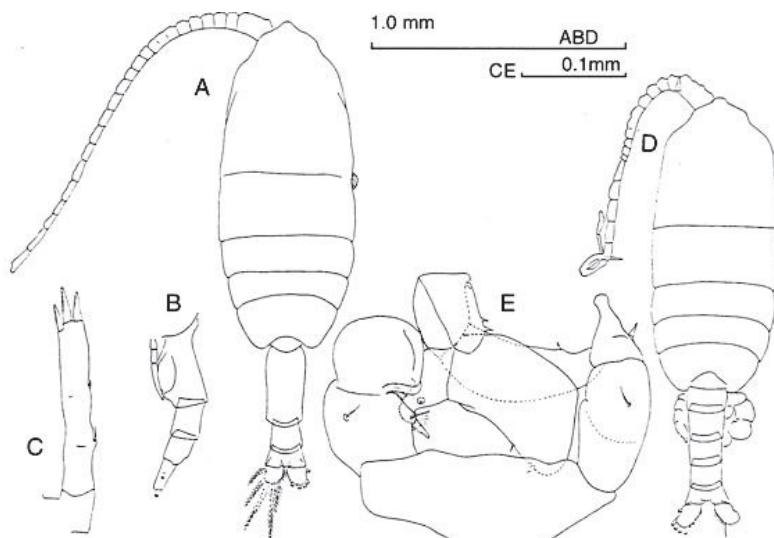
Pleuromamma borealis (F. Dahl, 1893)

Bradford - Grieve

Grice, 1962: pl. 22. *Pleuromamma borealis* (F. Dahl, 1893), Female. 16/17. habitus (dorsal/lateral); 18. leg 5.
Bradford-Grieve 1999: Fig. 81. *Pleuromamma borealis* (F. Dahl, 1893), Female. B. habitus (dorsal); C. left leg 2, basis and endopod segment 1; D. leg 5 (anterior).

Adapted from Razouls C., de Bovée F., Kouwenberg J. and Desreumaux N., 2005–2020. Diversity and Geographic Distribution of Marine Planktonic Copepods. Sorbonne University, CNRS. Available at <http://copepodes.obs-banyuls.fr/en> [Accessed May 19, 2021].

Pleuromamma gracilis Claus, 1863 (size: female, 1.50–2.55 mm; male, female, 1.50–2.25 mm)

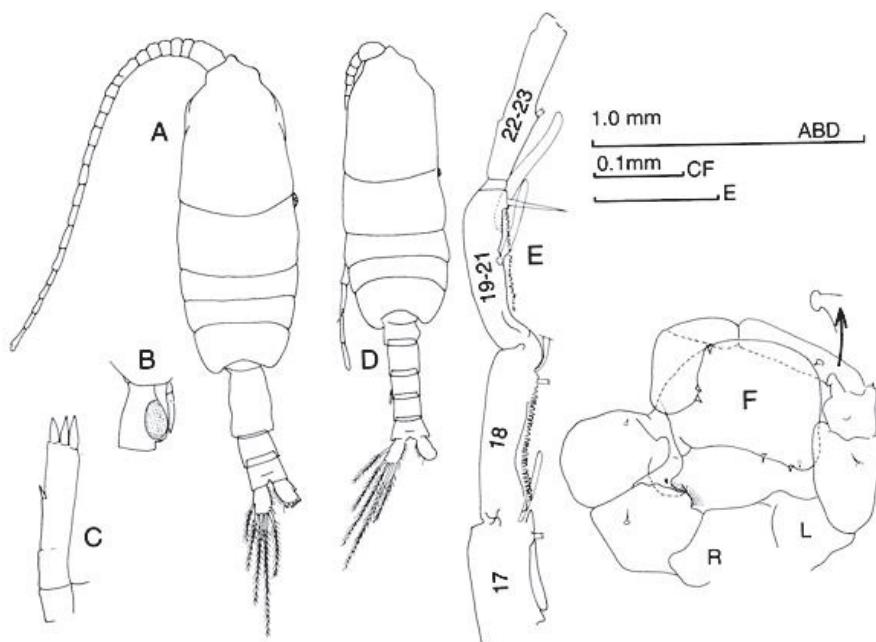


Pleuromamma gracilis Claus, 1863

Bradford-Grieve, 1999: Fig. 82. *Pleuromamma borealis* (F. Dahl, 1893), Female. A. habitus (dorsal); B. uroosome (lateral); C. leg 5. Male. D. habitus (dorsal); E. leg 5 (posterior)

Adapted from Razouls C., de Bovée F., Kouwenberg J. and Desreumaux N., 2005–2020. Diversity and Geographic Distribution of Marine Planktonic Copepods. Sorbonne University, CNRS. Available at <http://copepodes.obs-banyuls.fr/en> [Accessed May 17, 2021].

Pleuromamma piseki Farran, 1929 (size, female, 1.70–2.40 mm; male, 1.60–1.96 mm)

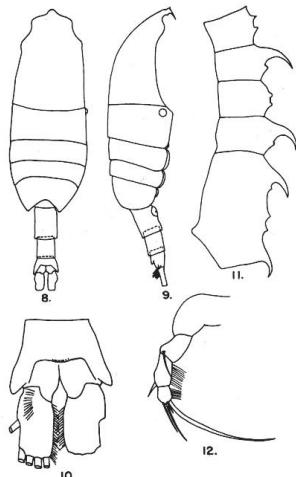


Pleuromamma piseki Farran, 1929

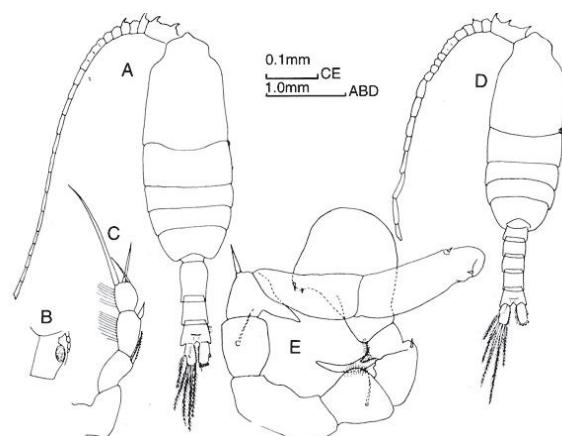
Bradford-Grieve, 1999: Fig. 83. Female. A. habitus (dorsal); B. genital double-somite (lateral); C. leg 5. Male. D. habitus (dorsal); E. geniculate antennule, segments 17–23; F. leg 5 (posterior).

Adapted from Razouls C., de Bovée F., Kouwenberg J. and Desreumaux N., 2005–2020. Diversity and Geographic Distribution of Marine Planktonic Copepods. Sorbonne University, CNRS. Available at <http://copepodes.obs-banyuls.fr/en> [Accessed May 07, 2021].

Pleuromamma quadrungulata (F. Dahl, 1893) (Size: female, 3.00–5.00 mm; male, 3.06–4.45 mm)



Grice, 1962



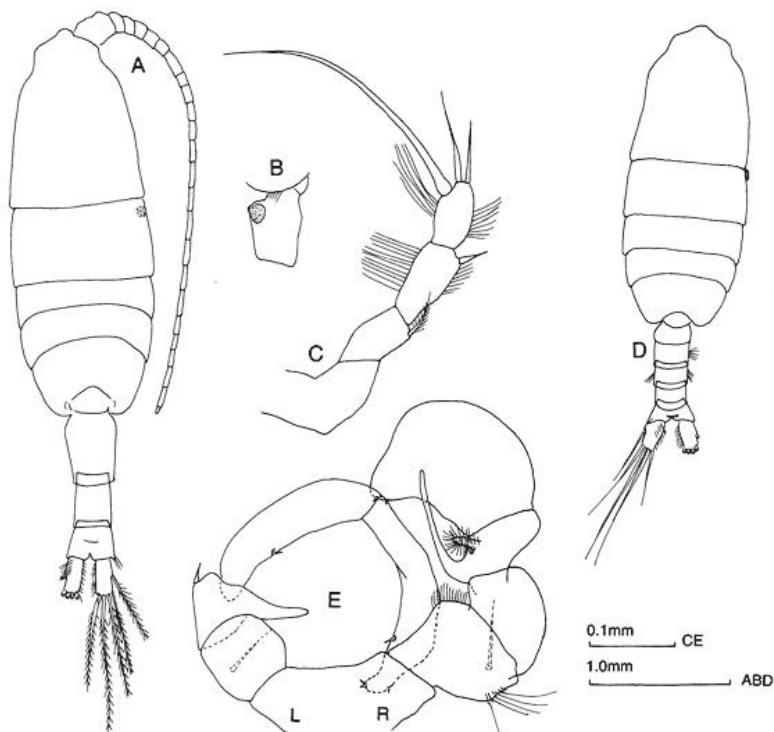
Pleuromamma quadrungulata (F. Dahl, 1893)

Grice, 1962. Pl.22, Fig. 8-12. As *Pleuromamma quadrungulata* f typica. Female (from equatorial Pacific): 8–9, habitus (dorsal/lateral); 10, anal somite and caudal rami (dorsal); 11, proximal part of antennule; 12, leg 5.

Bradford-Grieve, 1999. Fig. 84. Female (46°46'S, 164°45'E): A, habitus (dorsal); B, genital double-somite (lateral); C, leg 5. Male: D, habitus (dorsal); E, leg 5.

Adapted from Razouls C., de Bovée F., Kouwenberg J. and Desreumaux N., 2005–2020. Diversity and Geographic Distribution of Marine Planktonic Copepods. Sorbonne University, CNRS. Available at <http://copepodes.obs-banyuls.fr/en> [Accessed May 06, 2021].

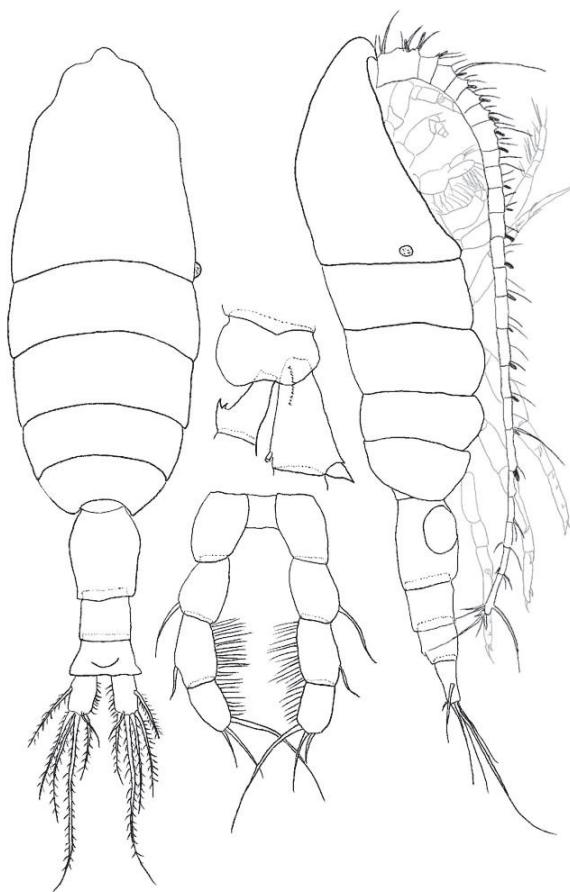
Pleuromamma robusta (F. Dahl, 1893) (Size: female, 2.20–4.70 mm; male, 2.10–4.00 mm)



Bradford-Grieve, 1999: Fig. 85. Female. A. habitus (dorsal); B. genital double-somite (lateral); C. leg 5. Male. D. habitus (dorsal); E. leg 5 (anterior).

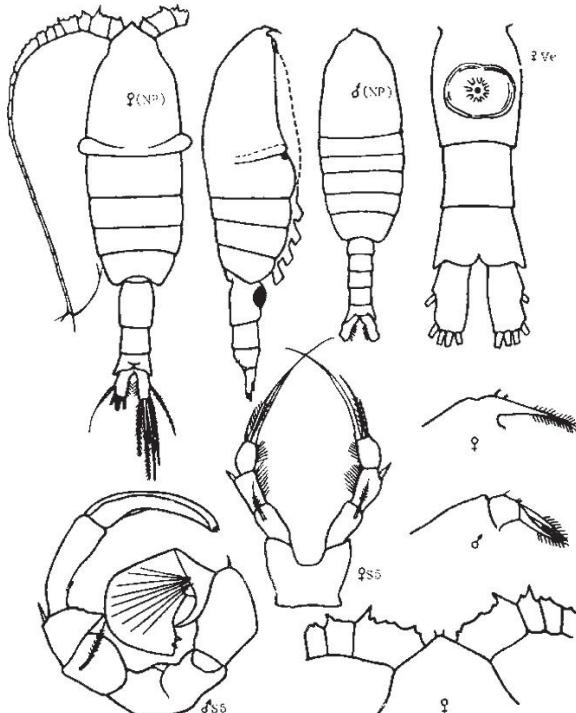
Adapted from Razouls C., de Bovée F., Kouwenberg J. and Desreumaux N., 2005–2021. Diversity and Geographic Distribution of Marine Planktonic Copepods. Sorbonne.

University, CNRS. Available at <http://copepodes.obs-banyuls.fr/en> [Accessed May 07, 2021].

Pleuromamma robusta (F. Dahl, 1893)*Pleuromamma robusta* (F. Dahl, 1893)

Original. Female, 2.20 mm, east of Taiwan: a/b. habius (dorsal/lateral); c. part of leg 2; d. leg 5.

Pleuromamma scutullata Brodsky, 1950 (Size: female, 3.60–4.34 mm; male, 3.10–3.76 mm)

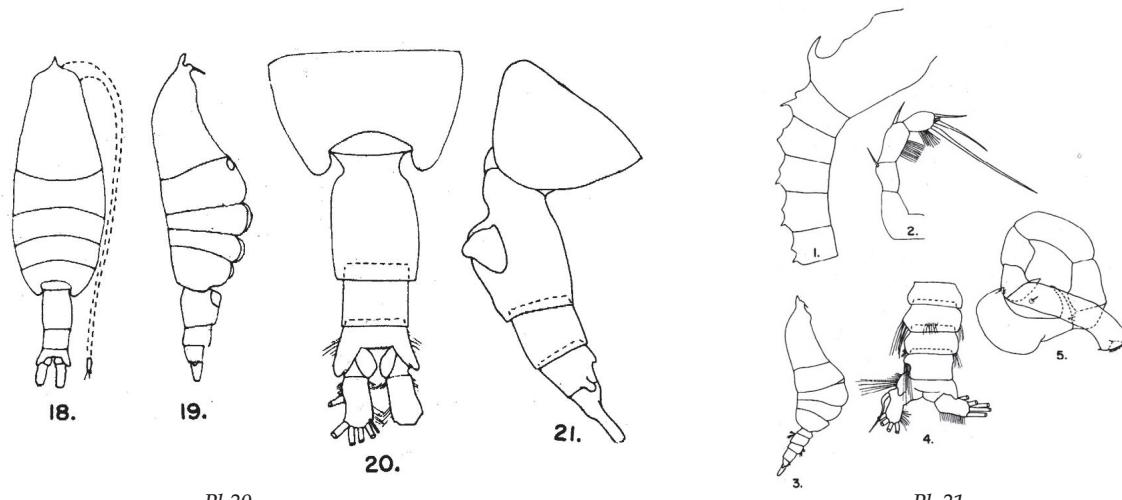


Pleuromamma scutullata Brodsky, 1950

Brodsky, 1950: Fig. 217. Female. habitus (dorsal/lateral); forehead (dorsal); urosome (dorsal); leg 5. Male. habitus (dorsal); leg 5 (anterior).

Adapted from Razouls C., de Bovée F., Kouwenberg J. and Desreumaux N., 2005–2020. Diversity and Geographic Distribution of Marine Planktonic Copepods. Sorbonne University, CNRS. Available at <http://copepodes.obs-banyuls.fr/en> [Accessed May 09, 2021].

Pleuromamma xiphias (Giesbrecht, 1889) (Size: female, 3.25–5.87 mm; male, 3.94–6.42 mm)



Pl. 20

Pleuromamma xiphias (Giesbrecht, 1889)

Pl. 21

Grice, 1962: pl. 20. Female. 18/19. habitus (dorsal/lateral); 20/21 pediger 5 and urosome (dorsal/lateral). Pl. 21. Female. 1. antennule, proximal segments; 2. leg 5. Male. 3. habitus (lateral); 4. urosome (dorsal); 5. leg 5 (posterior).

Adapted from Razouls C., de Bovée F., Kouwenberg J. and Desreumaux N., 2005–2020. Diversity and Geographic Distribution of Marine Planktonic Copepods. Sorbonne University, CNRS. Available at <http://copepodes.obs-banyuls.fr/en> [Accessed May 07, 2021].